DEPARTMENT of ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES Water Supply & Pollution Control Division - Biology Bureau

LAKE TROPHIC DATA

MORPHOMETRIC:

Lake: CRANEY	POND	Lake Area (ha):	14.77
Town:	HENNIKER	Maximum depth (m):	9.1
County:	Merrimack	Mean dept <u>h</u> (m):	2.8
River Basin:	Merrimack	Volume (m³):	414500
Latitude:	43°09' N	Relative depth:	2.1
Longitude:	71°48' W	Shore configuration:	1.17
Elevation (fi	996	Areal water load (m/yr)	: 5.74
Shore length	(m): 1600		2.00
Watershed are	ea (ha): 176.1	P retention coeff.:	0.63
% watershed p	onded: 0.0	Lake type:	natural

BIOLOGICAL:	3 February 1988	8 July 1987
DOM. PHYTOPLANKTON (% TOTAL) #1	SPARSE - NO DOMINANT	DINOBRYON 90%
#2		
#3		
PHYTOPLANKTON ABUNDANCE (cells/mL)		785.0
CHLOROPHYLL-A (Jg/L)		14.94
DOM. ZOOPLANKTON (% TOTAL) #1	PERITRICH CILIATE 50%	KELLICOTTIA 57%
#2	KERATELLA 38%	KERATELLA 18%
#3		
ROTIFERS/LITER	136	231
MICROCRUSTACEA/LITER	0	11
ZOOPLANKTON ABUNDANCE (#/L)	311	251
VASCULAR PLANT ABUNDANCE		Common
SECCHI DISK TRANSPARENCY (m)		1.5
BOTTOM DISSOLVED OXYGEN (mg/L)	5.5	0.1
BACTERIA (fecal col., #/100 ml) #1		10
#2		< 10
#3		

SUMMER THERMAL STRATIFICATION:

stratified

Depth of thermocline (m): 3.4 Hypolimnion volume (m³): 25000

CHEMICAL:			e: CRANEY h: HENNIK		
	3 Febru	Jary 1988	8 .	July 1987	
DEPTH (m)	1.5	3.0	3.0		8.0
pH (units)	5.6	5.6	5.6		5.6
A.N.C. (Alkalinity)	2.2	2.8	2.3		2.3
NITRATE NITROGEN	0.07	0.06	< 0.05		< 0.05
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN	0.54	0.51			0.69
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	0.010	0.010	0.028		0.026
CONDUCTIVITY (p mhos/cm)	33.6	34.5			
APPARENT COLOR (cpu)	65	64	95		115
MAGNESIUM			0.44		
CALCIUM			1.7		
SODIUM			2.5		
POTASSIUM			0.60		
CHLORIDE	4	3	4		4
SULFATE	4	4	3		2
TN : TP	61	57			27
CALCITE SATURATION INDEX			5.1	-	

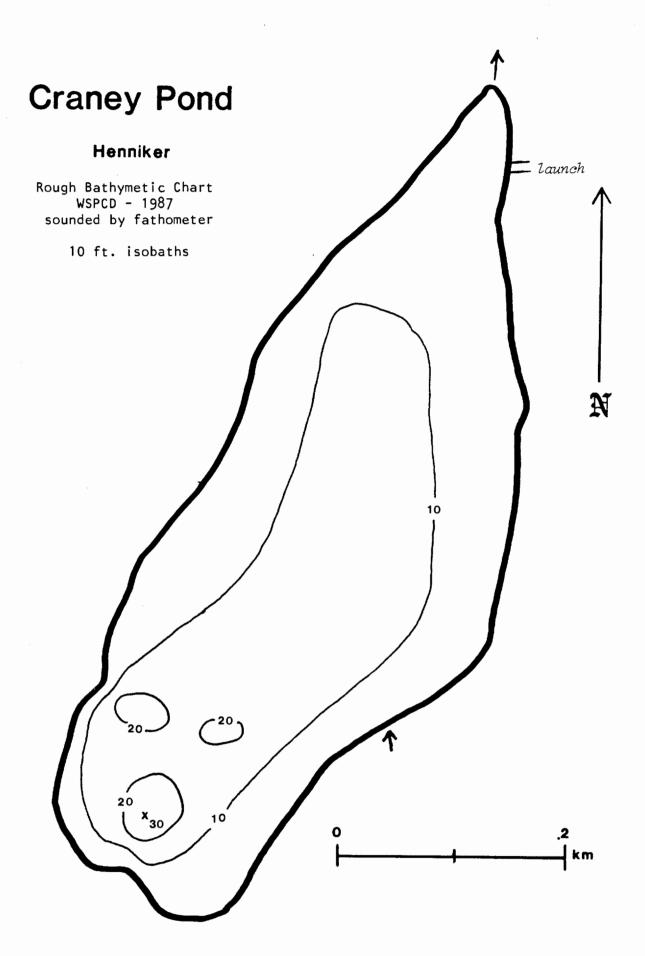
All results in mg/L unless indicated otherwise

TROPHIC CLASSIFICATION: 1987

D.O.	S.D.	PLANT	CHL	TOTAL	CLASS
5	3	2	З	13	Eutro.

COMMENTS:

- 1. Poor access. Approach to pond is a very rough, 4-wheel drive dirt road, over 1 mile uphill.
- 2. Water level in the pond appeared to be raised by beaver activity (road ended in the water).
- 3. Two cottages were located along the shore.
- 4. The whole-water phytoplankton was 35% greens and 25% dinoflagellates. Dominant genera were tiny green flagellates (30%) and Peridinium (25%).



FIELD DATA SHEET

LAKE: CRANEY POND

TOWN: HENNIKER DATE: 07/08/87 WEATHER: OVERCAST, LIGHT BREEZE...

DEPTH (M)	TEMP (°C)	*DISSOLVED OXYGEN	OXYGEN SATURATION
0.1	23.1	8.6	98 %
1.0	21.9	7.9	87 %
2.0	19.5	0.4	4 %
3.0	17.0	0.1	1 %
4.0	12.1	1.6	15 %
5.0	9.5	0.1	1 %
6.0	8.0	0.1	1 %
7.0	7.5	0.1	1 %
8.0	7.1	0.1	1 %
9.0	7.0	0.1	1 %
1	i		

SECCHI DISK (m): 1.5

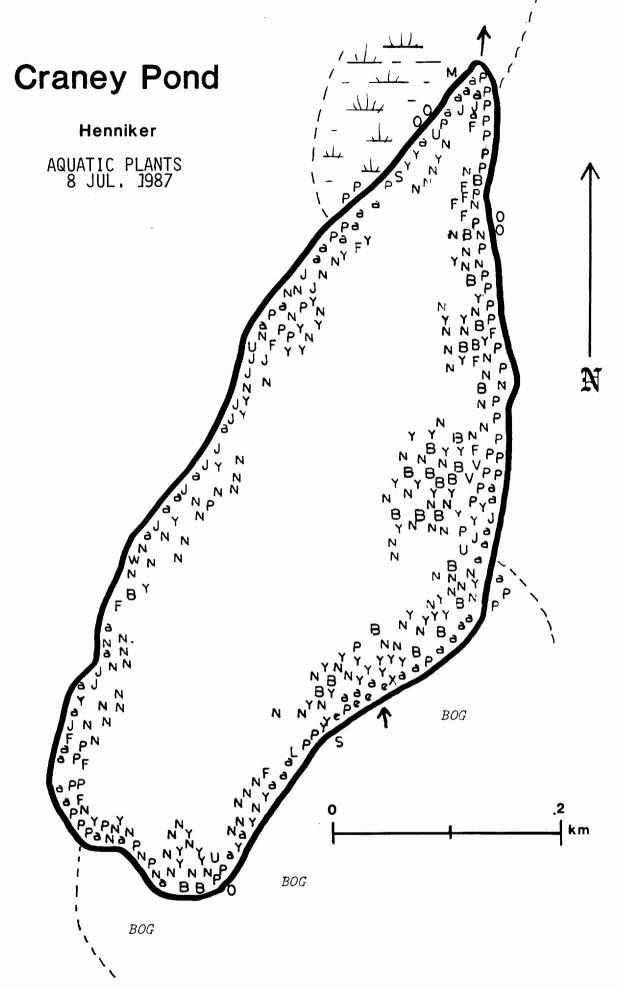
COMMENTS:

BOTTOM DEPTH (m): 9.1 A layer (of algae?) was seen on the fathometer at 4 meters, where the D.O.

blip occurred.

TIME: 1230

*Dissolved oxygen values are in mg/L



AQUATIC PLANT SURVEY LAKE: CRANEY POND TOWN: HENNIKER DATE: 07/08/87 PLANT NAME Key ABUNDANCE GENERIC COMMON Myrica gale Sweet gale Common Juncus Rush Common Р Pontederia cordata Pickerelweed Common Peltandra virginica Arrow arum Common а U Utricularia Bladderwort Scattered N Nymphaea White water lily Common Eleocharis Spike rush e Sparse Cephalanthus occidentalis 0 Buttonbush Sparse В Brasenia schreberi Water shield Scattered F Nymphoides cordatum Floating heart Scattered W Potamogeton Pondweed Sparse Lobelia dortmanna Water Inbelia Sparse V

Tape grass

Yellow water lily

Pitcher-plant

Pipewort

Sundew

OVERALL ABUNDANCE: Common

Sparse

Sparse

Common

Scattered

Scattered

GENERAL OBSERVATIONS:

Vallisneria americana

Sarracenia purpurea

Eriocaulon septangulare

Ε

Υ

S

S

Nuphar

Drosera

- 1. Approximately 50% of the shoreline was a bog mat.
- 2. Swamp pogonia was common in the bog areas but is not depicted on the adjacent map. Sundew and pitcher plants were scattered throughout the bog and both are represented by the letter'S' on the plant map.
- 3. Sweet gale was located around much of the shoreline but is not depicted on the plant map.
- 4. Two beaver huts were observed.